

# Target English

Workbook



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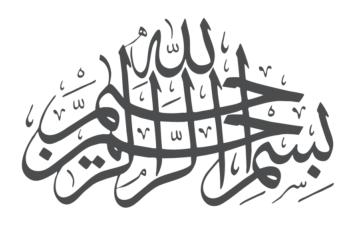
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صَاحِبًا لِبُهُو الشِّيخِ ضِبَاعَ الْأَجْمِ الْكِابِرُ الْصِّبَاعُ الْمُحْدِثِ الْكِيبَاءُ الْمُعْدِدُ وَلَهُ الْكُوبُينَ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعَلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلْمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ ال



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Module One

# Unit A Famous Artist

I. a: Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
manazz wood karouka cot  Look at the picture on page 2
painting parents palm leaves of the Student's Book.
This is a (1) of a bedroom in an old Kuwaiti house. The (2
bed is on the floor. There is no (3)
The baby is sleeping in a basket next to the parents' bed. Soon the baby wil
sleep in a (4) made of (5) or a (6
I. b: What else can you see in the picture?
2. True (√) or false (×)?
Ayoub Hussein was born over seventy
years ago.
2. He used to work in a school.
3. He paints pictures of modern Kuwait.
4. He built the Kuwait Museum.
5. He was thirty-four when he started working at the Kuwait Museum.
6. Rewrite the false sentences so they are true.
·
Correct the false sentences above and rewrite them.

	in Canada for two years. She is visiting her grandmother.	
Grandmother:	Would you like some milk to drink?	
Huda:	No, thank you. I (1) like milk, but I don't no Can I have some tea, please?	ЭW.
Grandmother:	You (2) like tea – you never drank it. Www.dvald you like to eat? Some yoghurt?	hat
Huda:	No, thank you. I (3) like yoghurt, but I precheese now. Are you going to play tennis this morning?	fer
Grandmother:	No, I don't play tennis any more. I (4) p three times a week, but now I go swimming.	lay
Huda:	Swimming? You (5) like swimming.	
Grandmother:	You're right, but now I love it. We have changed!	
4. Write question	ns and answer them. Then ask a friend.	
	then you were a baby see to drink when you were a baby?	
1. who/play with	/when you were five.	
2. what school/g	go to/when you were nine	
3. when/go to be	ed/when you were six	
4. which book/lik	ke best/when you were younger	

5. Write the words, then finish the sentence.

- 1. If the sea is \_\_\_\_\_\_it can be dangerous.
- 2. Tables and chairs are kinds of \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. The baby's manazz was made of these.
- 4. A baby's bed.
- 5. We can see old Kuwait in more than 600 of Ayoub Hussein's \_\_\_\_\_\_.

6

- 6. Ayoub Hussein used to be a \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. A very young child.

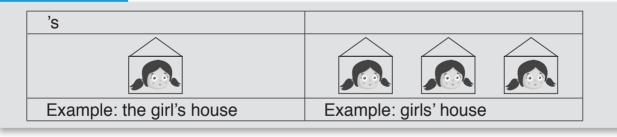
I'n Kuwait, you can see some of Ayoub Hussein's paintings \_\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

3

4

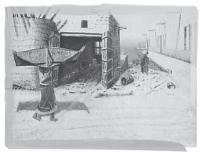
1 2 3 4 5 6 7

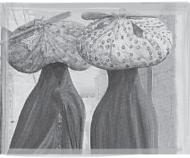
#### Remember!



- 6. Read. Write the <u>underlined</u> word with an apostrophe (') in the right place.
  - 1. The bride moved to her <u>husbands</u> house after one week. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2. The girls clothes were clean. Their mothers washed them. \_\_\_\_\_
  - 3. The artists painting was in the museum.
  - 4. The boys boats were made of wood. They sailed them every day.
  - 5. The parents house was close to their son's house. \_\_\_\_\_

### 7. Describe each picture in one sentence.







4	
1	
2	
3	
8. Read, then draw the picture. Write.	
•	
	Show a building, an animal, some people,
	some trees and a car, a plane or a bike.  Colour the picture, then write about it.
	Colour the picture, then time about it

# Writing

	t your favou					
ike it.	our favourite	picture?	Write wh	nat you ca	an see ai	nd why y
ike it.	our favourite	picture?	Write wh	nat you ca	an see ai	nd why y
ike it.		picture?	Write wh	nat you ca	an see ar	nd why y
ike it.		picture?	Write wh	nat you ca	an see ai	nd why y
ike it.		picture?	Write wh	nat you ca	an see ai	nd why y
ike it.		picture?	Write wh	nat you ca	an see ar	nd why

# Unit

## An Advertisement for Kuwait

ho feeds the sharks?  o you think they get in t				
o you think they get in t				
	ne water wit	th the sharks	?	
/hat can you see or do i	n Kuwait To	wers?		
/hat do you think you wi	II see in Dic	kson House?	?	_
/hy do you think Failaka	is famous?			
lace is not old.	some information	mation. Car	It could be The Center or Entert	e Scientifi ainment C
	olace vou v	visited		
VIII	ame. Give a friend sace is not old.  Yes, it is!	ame. Give a friend some informace is not old.  Yes, it is!	ame. Give a friend some information. Care is not old.  Yes, it is!	ame. Give a friend some information. Can he/she guess the lace is not old.  It could be The Center or Enterth list educational.  Is it The Scientific

### Remember First conditional Always remember: **Example** If I do ...... I will ..... If it rains, you will get wet. (affirmative) If ...... Simple present, Future (will) If it doesn't rain, you won't get wet. (negative) 4. Write the correct forms of the verbs in brackets 1. If my friend invites me, I ...... (go) to his house. 2. If he ..... (not come), we will start without him. 3. I will buy new shoes if I ...... (have) enough money. 5. Correct the underlined mistakes 1. I will go swimming if the weather **isn't** good. 2. If you ring the bell, someone **won't** open the door. 3. They will hear her if she speaks very quietly. 6. Change the following sentences into negative, make sure you keep them meaningful. 1. Sara will read the 2-mail today if you send it now.

2. If you train well, you will have a chance to win.

3. I will watch the movie if I have enough time.

2. Your sister asks you about your	plans for the summer.
3. Someone drives his car very fa	st.
Entertainment City Shopping The Grand Mosque Failaka Island The Red Fort The Kuwait Towers The National Museum	Think about:  • how long it will take to visit each place • when and where he can eat, and • at what time he has to start in the morning.  Remember to use the words in the box.
You should You	u could If you, you will
Monday:	
Tuesday:	

9. Read your plan aloud.

#### Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

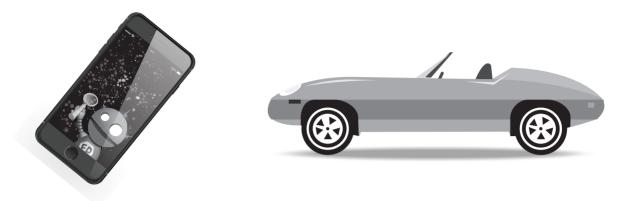
and	while	because	so	or	after that	if	first	)

- 1. In Kuwait you can swim in the sea \_\_\_\_\_\_ you can sit on the beach.
- 2. You should come to Kuwait \_\_\_\_\_\_ it is a wonderful country.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ you come to Kuwait, you will have great fun!
- 4. Shall we have chicken \_\_\_\_\_ fish? You choose!
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ we'll go shopping. \_\_\_\_ we'll go to the museum.
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_ you're walking around Failaka, you'll see some very old buildings.
- 7. Kuwait is a beautiful country \_\_\_\_\_ you should visit it.

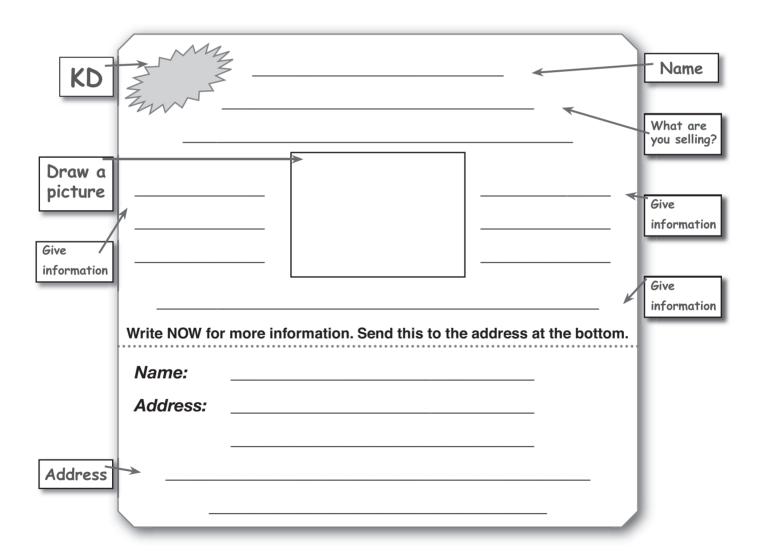
10. Think of a place to visit in Kuwait. Find a picture. Write an advert for it.



1. Choose one of the two picture and write an advert about it.



2. Write an advert for one of the pictures.



Module One

# Unit 3

# A Local Television Programme

1. Answer R (receptionis	t), D (doctor) or N (nurse).
1 Who answers the phone 2 Who told the nurse which 3 Who gives you medicine	h medicine to give you?
Remember	
	But the past
The past tense off regular v	<del></del>
want - > wanted	go - > went
play - > played	swim - > swam cut - > cut
	put - > put
2. Complete the sentence	es. Use the correct form of the verbs in the box.
Se	ee meet took tell leave
1. The receptionist	the doctor about a man.
2. The ambulance	the girl to hospital.
	the first episode on television.
4. She said that he	the hospital very quickly.
5. A car	-
6. We	the characters in the programme.
3 Listen to the end of th	e story again. Complete the paragraphs.
	end (2) the episode,
	the episode, , "A man has just
	bout the (5)"
	doctor.
	doctor:," said the receptionist. "He left (8)
quickly."	

		ma		$\Delta$
em	ıc		w	G.

There are two type of questions

1- yes / no questions

Example: did you do your homework?

The answer is: yes I did or no I didn't

2- WH questions ( what, where, why, how)

Example: where did you go yesterday?

The answer is: I went to school.

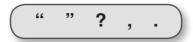
- 5. Write a full stop (.) or a question mark (?).
  - The girl didn't have a broken arm\_\_\_
     Did the ambulance drive quickly\_\_
     Do you know who drove the car\_\_
     A man spoke to the receptionist\_\_
     Where did the girl come from
- 6. The receptionist phoned the police. Match the questions and answers.

Write the answers, then ask and answer with a friend.

a) We think she is about thirteen.
b) No, it's short.
c) A car hit a girl.
d) She's 1 metre 20.
e) Yes, her school bag.
f) We don't know. She can't remember.



	<b>7</b> .	<b>Rewrite</b>	these	sentences	with	punctuation	marks	from	the I	box.
--	------------	----------------	-------	-----------	------	-------------	-------	------	-------	------



- 1. My name is Sami said the little boy
- 2. A man was driving the car said the girl
- 3. When did this happen asked the policeman
- 4. What's your name asked the nurse I want to phone your mother

#### Remember

- We use (because) to explain the reason behind things.

**Example:** I went to the restaurant because i was hingry.

- We use (so) to explain the <u>result</u> of things.

**Example:** I was hungry so i went to the restaurant.

## 8. Look at the last picture in the Student's Book. Here is what the man told the police. Join the sentences.

- I was driving along the road. I was going to work. (because)
   I was driving the along the road <u>because</u> I was going to work.
- 2. My phone rang. I answered it. (so) My phone rang so I answered it.
- 3. It was an important person on the phone. I listened very carefully. (so)
- 4. I was talking to the man. I didn't see the girl. (so)
- 5. I drove home. I was frightened. (because)
- 6. I was worried about the girl. I went to the hospital. (so)



9. Discuss these questions. Work with three fri	ends.
---	-------

- 1. What do you prefer doing in the evenings?
- 2. Which television programmes do you enjoy watching?
- 3. What sports do you like playing?

### Write sentences. Use I prefer, I like, I enjoy.

Fahd and I prefer playing on the computer in the evenings, but Anwar and Ahmed prefer watching television.	

# Writing

1. Work with four friends. Think of a film. Write the in	information.
--	--------------

The name of the actors:					
Where is it?					
s it a love story?					
s it funny?					
What happens?					
s the music good?					
How many *s?					
ite a report about the	e film. Give	it to othe	r peopl	e in yo	ur cla
ite a report about the	e film. Give	it to other		e in yo	
ite a report about the	e film. Give	it to other			
ite a report about the	e film. Give	it to other			
ite a report about the	e film. Give	it to other			
ite a report about the	e film. Give	it to other			

### **Progress Check**

### **Reading Comprehension**

#### Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Abdulrahman Al Sumait was born in Kuwait. He was born on October 15, 1947 and passed away in 2013. He was a physician and Islamic scholar. He studied Medicine at the University of Baghdad. Abdulrahman Al Sumait was a doctor specializing in internal medicine before working in charity work. He received more than 12 prizes and honour certificates from different organizations.



Abdulrahman Al Sumait established a human organizaton known as Direct Ald. In less than 30 years, Direct Alde built more than 800 schools, 4 universities, 200 medical clinics, over 200 training centres for women and 2,200 mosques. It drilled thousands of wells and constructed many agricultural projects which turned desert areas into green ones.

We learn a lot from Dr. Abdulrahman Al Sumait who spent his life serbing humanity and helping the poor around the world, especailly in Africa. He is known for his good deeds care and charity work.

#### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b. c and d:

- 1- The best title for the passage is ...... d) Internal Medicine a) Direct Aid b) A man to Remember c) Africa 2. The underlined pronoun "which" in the second paragraph refers to ...... a) Universities b) Mosques c) training centres d) benefits 2- The underlined pronoun word *deeds* in the third paragraph means ...... b) interests c) tasks d) benefits a) actions 4- The main idea of the third paragraph is:
- a) Abdulrahman Al Sumait as founder of Direct Aid.
- b) Abdulrahman Al Sumait's biography.
- c) Abdulrahman Al Sumait as great man who helped the poor.
- d) Direct Aid is a humanitarian organization.

2.	Do	as	shown	between	brac	ket	S
----	----	----	-------	---------	------	-----	---

1- My friend used to eat a lot of sweets. (Make negate)

2- Columbus discovered AMerica in 1492. (Ask a question)

3- If i see a fire,I\_\_\_\_\_(complete)

#### 3. Word Search Puzzle

Find the following hidden words: aquarium - artist - broken - daughter - husband - model

Н	Α		V	Q	A	F	L
L	Q	A	R	Т	I	S	Т
Н	U	S	В	A	N	D	Q
D	A	U	G	Н	Т	E	R
Υ	R	В	R	0	K	E	N
Н	I	F	M	U	D	X	0
С	U	M	0	D	E	L	0
М	М	A	Q	0	Р	Н	N

# Unit Portable Water

1. Use the words in the box to finish the paragraph.

expensive desalination plants factories without called little build rich

There is very (1)	fresh water in Kuwait.
People use sea water for drin	king — (2)the salt!
It is very (3)	to take the salt out of sea
water. Kuwait is a (4)	countryand can (5)
(6)	
These (7) r	nake thesea water safe to drink.
Towers around the country ho	oldthe drinking water. The towers
in the photo are famous, beau	tiful and very useful, too. One
has got a restaurant, another	gives light and two of them
hold enough water forall of Ku	uwait City. They are (8)
the Kuwait	Towers.



2. Match the definitions with the pictures and write the words:



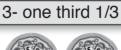




- 1. ..... ( ) a place where things are made
- 2. ..... ( ) a large area of water with land around it.
- 3. ..... ( ) water which is safe to drink.

#### 3. Match the words and pictures

1- two 2- two thirds 2/3





4- one

one pizza





two thirds of a pizza





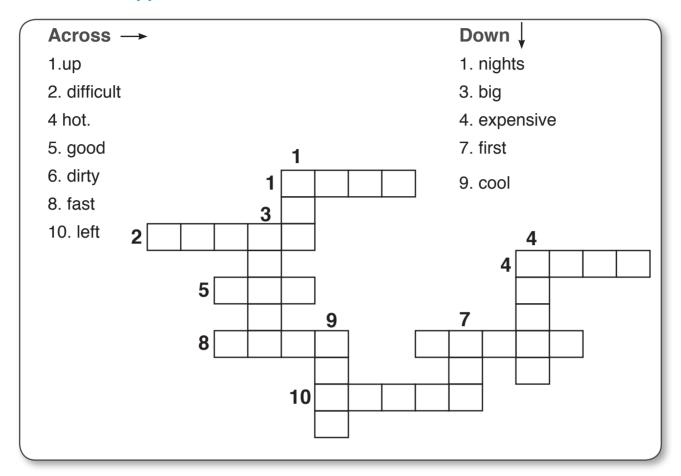
two pizza

С

one third of a pizza

d

#### 4. Write the opposites of these words



#### Who or which

## 5. Complete the sentences. Use who or which and your own ideas

#### **Example:**

They have to build desalination plants which are very expensive. I have got a friend who likes scuba diving.

#### Remember

We use who for people.

A journalist is someone who works for a newspaper.

We use which for things.

A hat is something which you wear on your head.

1. I gave got a friend	
2. Kuwait is a country	
3. A giraffe is an animal	
4. I have got a teacher	
5. There are some people in my class	

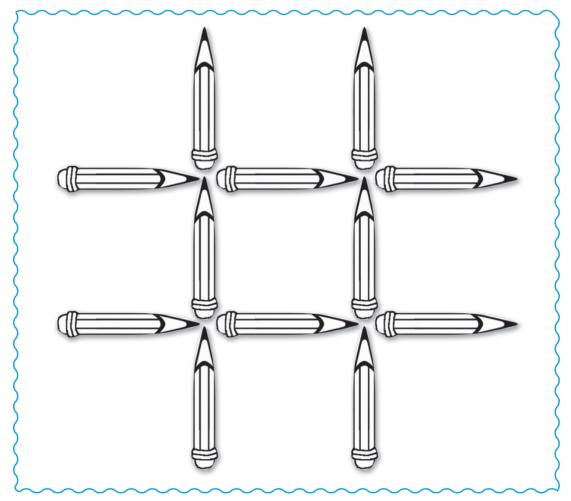
## 6. State whether these sentences are $(\checkmark)$ or false (\*) and justify your answers

1 Everyone needs water to live.	
2 Icebergs are easy to pull a long way.	
3 If you pull an iceberg to Kuwait, it won't melt.	
4 Some countries make drinking water from sea water.	Ш
5 You can find icebergs in the Antarctic.	

#### 7. Work it out with a friend

You need twelve pencils. Put them on your desk, like this:

#### 8. Try this. Tell your class what happened.



Now, move only three pencils and make three squares.

Then, tell two more friends how you did it.

1 Answer the questions.
How much water do you use when you clean your teeth?
Put a big bowl in the sink under the tap.
Put some toothpaste on your toothbrush.
How much water is there in the bowl?
How much water can you save each time?
x 2 – You brush your teeth in the morning and at night
How much can you save in a year?.
Write about what you did and what you found out.
10. Listen to these words. Which letter makes no noise?  dirty third litre quarter water
dirty tillid little quarter water
11. Listen to these words and repeat.
1. afternoon 2. country
3. teacher 4. drink
5. wonderful 6. factory

8. iceberg

10. person

7. brain

9. dangerous

12. Think about teeth. Write four words under each line.

Good for your teeth

Bad for your teeth

13. Look at your friend's words. Write more words.

Have you got the same words as your friend? Write two more words Under each title.

14. Make a poster about teeth. Write and draw pictures.

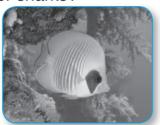
	Look		t.::::::t.!-:
_			
) -			
-			
-			
-			

# Unit Sea World Secrets

Read about the animals on page 20 of the Student's Book again. You will find the answers there.

1- Do whale sharks eat other sharks?







- 2- Which country can you see whale sharks near Canada or Kuwait?
- 3- What does a puffer fish do when it is frightened?
- 4- Where do turtles lay their eggs?
- 5- Why do people want turtle shells?
- 6- Where do butterfly fish live?

# 2. It's Quiz time!







Name the animals which					
Lay eggs	Eat other animals	Live on a farm			

#### 3. Name three wild animals

4. Listen to these words. Which letter makes no noise in each.

shipwreck pattern whale

## 5. Underline the letters which make no noise in these words. Listen. Are you right?

- 1. frighten 2. when 3. lamb 4. knife
- 5. cupboard 6. biscuits 7. metre 8. chocolate

#### 6 Can you see the sentences? Write them.

- 1 somesharksareverydangerousandcaneatpeople
- 2 thereisashipwreckclosetoqaruh
- 3 somepeoplehavefoundtreasureonshipwrecks

#### 7. Word search exercise. Find the word.

Shark

Buffer fish

Squid

Turtle

Starfish

Octopus

Whale

SNGLBLFCDSTARFISHQCWU

QJMWHALESWIVHDUQLAQ

URIZCATESUOCTOPUSVSUO

ITOYCPPEDMSHARKUOIMKP

DUFFERFERFISHUEBTURTLE

SFMNHYTUKQAQETJLMBVXS

#### 7. Write the sentences.

#### **Example:**

I/walk on the beach/when/meet my friend
I was walking on the beach when I met my friend.

- 1 They/drive along the road/when/a dust storm/start
- 2 The ship/sail near the beach/when/hit a rock

#### Remember

- We use the past continuous for the action that was in progress.
- We use the past simple for the completed action.

#### Example:

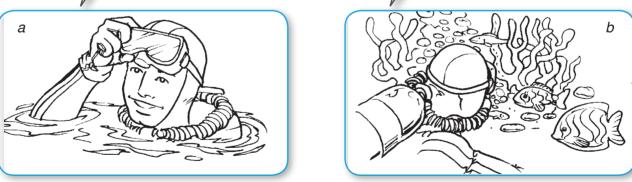
"I was watching TV when somebody knocked at the door.

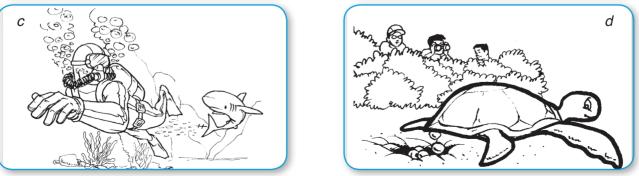
- 3 The students/work quietly/when/principal walk into the room
- 4 My mother/shop/when/my father phone her

#### 8. Who said it? Match the pictures and the sentences.









9. Choose th	e correct wor	d.		
1. Sharks (h	as/have) very s	sharp teeth.		
2. There (is/	are) shells on t	he beach.		
3. A baby wh	nale (need/need	ds) a lot of mil	k	
4. Some fish	(look/looks) be	eautiful.		
5. The sea (	is/are) a very d	angerous plac	e	
6. Whale sha	arks (doesn't/do	on't) eat peop	e	
7. Squid (ha	ve/has) ten leg	S.		
8. Turtles (la	y/lays) their eg	gs in the sand	l	
Writing 10. Choose a	and write.			
	Choose a	n animal	Tell us:	
	which lives	in the sea.	- where it lives	

which lives in the sea.
Find out about it.
Write a paragraph about it.
Draw a picture.
- what it looks like
- if it is dangerous
- how big it is
- if you have seen one.
- what it eats



### Unit 5

## Writing

	1.	Write a	plan 1	for your	story:	<b>Treasure</b>	Tree.
--	----	---------	--------	----------	--------	-----------------	-------

Setting (the place): Whe	ere? When?		
Characters (the people)	:		
Who? WHat are they like	?		
Plot (what happens) Be	ginning:		
Mi	ddle:		
En	d:		
. Write some words you	ı want to us	e in your sto	ory.
Verbs	No	ouns	Adjectives
. Use your plan to write	your story.		

# Unit A Brave Boy

7. put

1 Read the titles of the r	newspaper stories. What do you think they are
about?	2
Tired driver	No bread  No bread  Where are  our phonos?
	our phones?
2 Now match the titles an	d the stories.
Last Tuesday, four teachers lost their phones at a school inKuwait City. The police looked round the school and asked alot of questions but they could not find the phones. "Someonemust be coming into the school, taking the phones and sellingthem," a policeman told me.	Last Wednesday, a new driver was driving along theroad when he fell asleep. He drove into another car. Fortunately, the drivers were not badly hurt. Both ofthem were taken to hospital.  Worried people phoned firefighters when theysaw smoke coming from a bakery last Thursday. The firemen arrived in ten minutes and put thefire out. The baker was not hurt. He said, "We'll make bread tomorrow butthere won't be any today."
3 Answer these questions	s. Write a, b or c.
1. Which story happened a	it the weekend?
2. In which story did two pe	eople get hurt?
3. Which story is about foo	d?
4. In which story did they u	se an ambulance?
5. Which stories happened	,
6. Which story are the police	ce still working on?
4 Find the past tense of the	hese verbs in the stories.
1. lose	2. tell
3. is	4. fall
5. drive	6. see

8. say

### 5. Write these words with -ing in the correct column.

play have climb listen swim fall run give write win

walk + ing = walking	come -	+ ing = coming	hop + ing =	hopping	
					2 2 X
					Now write three more words i
					each column
		Remember			
		You can use w	hile with past	continuous	<b>5.</b>
		Example: While Ali was p	olaving tennis	he felt dov	vn
		While they wer			
6. Use the words in	the bo	ox to finish th	e sentence	s.	
	walk	watch swim li	sten cut		
Hamad found some	shells	while he was	walking alon	g the bea	ach.
1. The lights went o	ut				
2. Kamel heard som	ne beau	tiful music			
3. Nadia and Nadra					
4. Basma hurt her fi	nger				
7.	senter	nces you hea	r. Then say	them to	a friend.
1 a You run very fa	st.	b You ra	an very fast.		
2 a I said, 'but'.		b I said	'bat'.		
3 a That's a big cut		b That's	a big cat.		
4 a Did you say 'fui	n'?	b Did vo	ou say, 'fan'?		

8. Read the so	entences	and	write	tnem	ın	oraer.
----------------	----------	-----	-------	------	----	--------

- a) He saw a young boy who was drowning.
- b) After this, he got an award.
- c) While he was walking along the beach, he heard a scream.
- d) Then he brought him safely back to the beach.
- e) He quickly jumped into the sea and swam to the boy.
- f) One day Waleed was at the beach with his family.

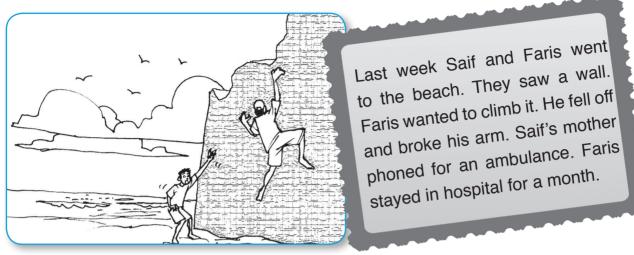
1		
6		

### 9. Complete the sentences with words from the snake.



1 If you cannot swim, you mig	ght in the water
2 If you do something very br	ave, you might get an
3 The young boy was safe be	ecause Waleed him.
4 In a television	people might sing or talk to each other.
5 If you have a	you sometimes don't know what to do.

## 10. Read the story about Saif and Faris. Six things are different from your Student's Book. Circle them.



### 11. This story is not very interesting. Can you make it better?

	f and Faris went to the beach because
	(Was it a holiday? Was it Saif's birthday?) They
took	<del>.</del>
	(Did they take a ball? Did they take food or a drink?
While they we	re running on the beach, they saw a wall.
	(What was on the other side? A fruit tree? A tennis court?)
Faris wanted t	o climb it because
	(Did he want to jump into the water? Did he want
to see someth	ing) The wall was not safe and Faris fell and broke his arm.
He	·
	(What did he do next? Did he scream? Did he move?)
Saif's mother	phoned for an ambulance and
`	they wait for the ambulance?) Faris stayed in hospital for a month
	(Finish the
story.)	,

1. Read these headlines. What happened? Use your own ideas. Write sentences. Remember to answer these questions.

1 Report says children watch too much television  2 MAN GIVES MILLION AWAY 3 Divex finds huge pearl 4 Kuwait gives money to poor country  1.  2.  3.  4.  5.  Write the full story of Fireman saves from the Student's Book.  Remember all the information	Who?	Where?	When?	What happened?	What hap	opened in the end
1	Trop.				elevision	uostchi
2	2 MAN					Police find los
3	1					
4 5 Write the full story of Fireman saves from	2					
5	3					
Write the full story of Fireman saves from	4					
	5					
			_	reman saves from		nber all the information

## **Progress Check**

### **Reading Comprehension**

### Read the following passage then answer the question below

The great whire shark is one of the most famous sharks in the world. The only shark that is larger than a great white is the whale shark. Great white sharks have been found in each of the world's oceans. Even though we can find them in waters as shallow as three feet (one meter) deep, these sharks spend most of their time in deep coastal waters.

The largest great white sharks are over six meters long. The great white sharks have huge triangle shaped teeth. The teeth of great white sharks are seven centimeters longs and as they wear out, new teeth grow in to replace them.

One of the features of the great white shark is the dorsal fin. It rises out of the water when a great white swims near the surface of the ocean, The shark's tail has very strong muscles. The white shark sweeps the tail from side to side and reach speeds of upto twenty four kilometers per hour.

Scientists are unsure how long white sharks live. It is believed that their life span is almost thirty years. The great white shark is the most feared sea animal of the ocean, by both people and sea creatures.

### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

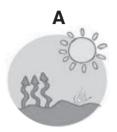
- 1. The best title for the passage is...
  - a) The Whale Shark
- b) The features of the White Shark
- c) The White Shark
- d) The life span of the White Shark
- 2. Which fact about a great white shark's size is not true?
  - a) White Sharks are smaller than whale sharks.
  - b) White sharks are not the largest sharks in the world today.
  - c) White sharks grow as large as whale sharks.
  - d) Whale sharks grow bigger than great white sharks.
- 3. The underlined pronoun "it" in the 3rd paragraph refers to ......
  - a) The dorsal fin b) The water c) The surface d) The white shark
- 4. What's the opposite of the underlined word "Shallow" in the 1st paragraph?
- 5. What's the synonym of the underlined word "wear out" in the 2nd paragraph?

### While / When

	d choose the bes		
	y his b) wrote	c) was writing	d) writes
2. The children	were watching tele	evision when they	asleep.
a) falls	b) fell	c) fallen	d) was falling
		to wo c) walking	
		my I c) hurting	
	Water Quiz	z True / False	
A) Decide wheat	her the following	statements are Tr	ue or False: T F
1. Potable water	er is drinkable wate	er.	
<ol><li>Water exists a liquid and a</li></ol>	naturallty in the fo a solid.	rm of a gas,	
3. Our human b	oodies are mostly v	vater.	
4. A reservoir is	s a man-made lake	used for water sto	rage.
5. The earth na than we can	nturally recycles wa use it.	iter faster	
6. Most plants	do not die from ove	er watering.	
B) Surf the net	to check your ansv	wers	

## Unit Science Data

1) Match the definitions with the appropriate pictures:









- 1- It happens when much water in the clouds falls back to earth.
- 2- Water vapour changes into clouds.
- 3- Water turns into vapour.
- 4- When water collects back into lakes, rivers or seas.

Α	В	С	D

2. Complete the following diagram with information about the water cycle:

Use the sentences in the diagram and the following linkers (First, Then, Next, Finally) to write a paragraph in your notebook:

Topic sentence									
Supporting Detail 1	Supporting Detail 3	Supporting Detail 3	Supporting Detail 4						
(	(	(							

Concluding S	entence

3. Use the words and pictures to write sent	ences in the passive	following
the example:	Die Control	
1- Goals/ score/ football		
Goals are scored in football.		
2- Zebras / keep/ zoo	18 2	
3- A doctor / see / hospital		
o / t doctor / coc / recopilar	MOSPITAL CONTROL CONTR	
4. Doolso/wood/librows		
4- Books/ read/ library	The state of the s	
5- Old coins and pots/ find/ museum		
		E. S. L.
6- Fruits/ and vegetables/ buy/ market		*
		+
7- Stars/ see/ sky		
	700	BANK
4. Complete the sentences using the passi	ve:	
Money	F	
food		
Books		
Remember	L	

In active sentences

(Thing doing action) + (verb) + (thing receiving action)

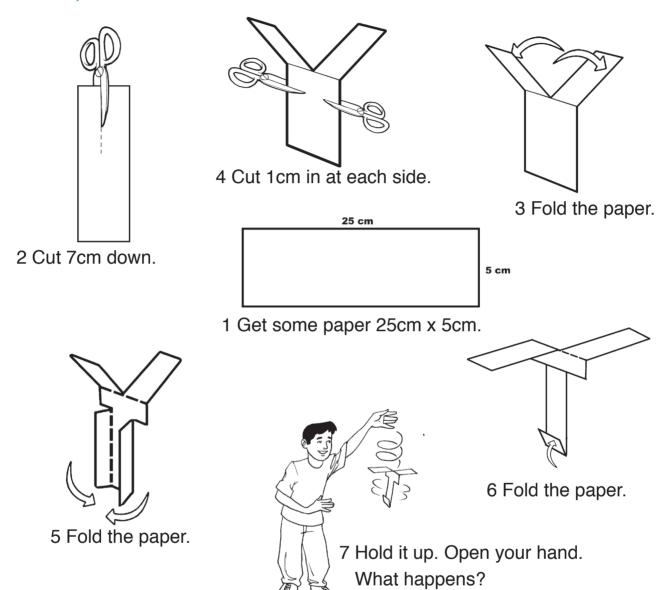
example: Huda cleans the dishes.

In passive sentences, the thing receiving the action is the subject of the sentence and the thing doing the action is optionally included near the end of the sentence.

(Thing receiving action) + (be) + (past participle of verb) + (by) + (thing doing action) example: The dishes are washed by Huda.

5. Listen and say the words. shapes pictures noses 6. Write each word in the correct place. Listen. Are you right? pictures eyes ducks lines noses ears shapes exercises dishes minutes cups -iz sound -s sound -z sound shapes noses pictures 7. Name these shapes. 8. Look and draw a fun picture. Look at picture D on page (62) of your Student's Book. Use one of these shapes to make your own fun picture.

### 9. Read, do and make.



### 10. Complete the table:

First	
Second	
Third	
Fourth	

11. What did you need to do the experi	ment?
12. Write about the experiment. How is	s it done?
First, the picture is copied	
13. What happened? Choose the corre	ct word.
The shape opened/ closed.	
14. Why do you think it happened?	

# Unit Science in our Life

1. Look	at	page	10	of	your	Student's	Book.	Correct	these	false
sente	nce	S.								

1.	Many	rich	countries	do	not	have	safe	drinking	water.
	,		000	0.0			00.0	011 11 11 11 19	

2	It is	verv	cheap	to	make	clean	water	in	Kuwait	t
	11 13	v Cı y	oncap	w	manc	oloan	water		ravvan	٠.

- 5. You can only use the LifeStraw to drink from lakes.
- 4. The LifeStraw is made of wood.

### 2. Write sentences about the pictures.







A knife is	used	for	cutting	bread,	meat,	etc.

### Remember

To be used + for + Verb + ing A pen is used for writing

### 3. Talk to your friends about next weekend. Complete the table. Write sentences.

Name	will	won't	might
Me			

Have you got any plans for this weekend, Nura?



Well, I might go shopping. I won't watch any TV but I will play tennis.

First, the picture is copied

ME: Friend 1

Friend 2

### 4. Work with a friend. What jobs could these pupils do when they leave school?

Name: Nadia

Good at: Arabic, English

Likes: looking after children

Name: Bader

Good at: football

**Likes:** football

Name: Maha

Good at: Maths and Science Likes: helping people

Name: Sami

Good at: Geography, English

Likes: planes

#### Remember

Use will to talk about the things that will happen for sure.

Use won't to talk about things that are not going to

Use might and could to talk about the things that may or may not happen.

### 5. Complete the crossword.

Across →
2 The LifeStraw is made
of .



5 Very, very small living things.
You can't see them – some are dangerous.

7 You can drink through this.

8 This can be sunny, hot, cold, rainy, etc.

### Down ↓

- 1 A person who studies or teaches science.
- 3 A very large piece of ice that you can see in the sea.
- 6 Electricity, etc. makes this.

6. The <u>underlined</u> letters all have the same sound. Listen and repeat.

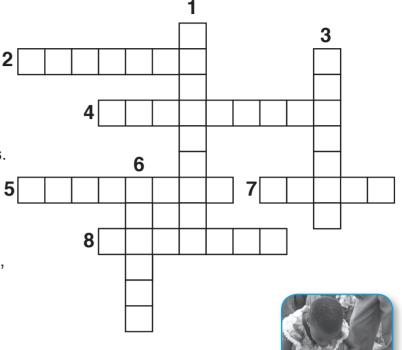
flood

c<u>ountry</u> y<u>oung</u> en<u>ough</u>
d<u>ust</u> f<u>unny</u> br<u>ush</u>
c<u>o</u>lour d<u>o</u>ne gl<u>o</u>ve

### Say these sentences.

- 1. Dan has brushed the dust away.
- 2. Have you got a hat and some gloves?
- 3. We have never had a flood in our country.
- 4. That's a funny colour!





### 7. Questionnaire: Are you saving energy?

1- Are all your light bulbs energy-saving?	Yes	No
2- Do you remember to turn lights off?		
3- Do you keep the air conditioner down?		
4- Do you switch appliances off?		
5- Do you fix dripping taps and showers?		
6- Do you leave tap on when you brush your teeth?		
7- Do you walk to school?		
8- Do you have more than one car?		
9- Do you see solar energy?		

8.Compare your	answers	with	your	friend's.	Who	is	more	interested	in
saving energy?									

9.	9. How can you save energy? Use the ideas in the previou	s task	to v	write
	a paragraph about saving energy.			

<ol><li>Ahmed went on the visit to Failaka Island. Read his report</li></ol>
--

9	
Ou	r class visit to Failaka
	ast week my class went to Failaka Island to visit the museum and look at the old
buil	dings.(1)
F	irst we got a bus from our school to the harbour. Then we got a boat to Failaka
Islai	nd. (2)
V	When we arrived, we went to the museum. (3) It was very interesting.
T	hen it was lunch time. We sat down together and ate. (4) We talked to each other
abo	ut the island while we were eating.
A	fter lunch, we walked round the old buildings on the island.Suddenly, Faisal called
out	and we all went to see what he had. He was holding a beautiful earring. (5) Just
ther	n, a tourist came up to him.
It	twas her earring.(6)
F	inally, we went home – very tired but very happy.
10. Al	nmed's report needs more information. Put a to e in the correc
	aces.
aii	aisai was veiv sau ii wasii i veiv olu dui iile loulisi was lealiv Haddy.
•	aisal was very sad it wasn't very old but the tourist was really happy.  Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited
b) b	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited.
b) b c) H	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum.
b) b c) H d) T	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.
b) b c) H d) T e) W	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.  le all brought different food to eat and it was delicious.
b) b c) H d) T e) W f) A	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.
b) b c) H d) T e) W f) A	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited.  e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum.  he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.  le all brought different food to eat and it was delicious.  man told us about old coins, pots and bottles which they sometimes find
b) b c) H d) T e) W f) A	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.  le all brought different food to eat and it was delicious. man told us about old coins, pots and bottles which they sometimes find ere.
b) b c) H d) T e) W f) A	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.  le all brought different food to eat and it was delicious. man told us about old coins, pots and bottles which they sometimes find ere.
b) b c) H d) T e) W f) A	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.  le all brought different food to eat and it was delicious. man told us about old coins, pots and bottles which they sometimes find ere.
b) b c) H d) T e) W f) A	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.  le all brought different food to eat and it was delicious. man told us about old coins, pots and bottles which they sometimes find ere.
b) b c) H d) T e) W f) A	Our teacher told us a lot about it so we were very excited. e asked the teacher if it was very old. He wanted to take it to the museum. he sea was not rough and the sunshine was warm. It was a lovely day.  le all brought different food to eat and it was delicious. man told us about old coins, pots and bottles which they sometimes find ere.

Module Three

# Unit Famous People

### 1 Choose the right word to finish each sentence.

- 1 Al-Khawarizmi was born in about (780/1978).
- 2 He lived in (Kuwait/Baghdad).
- 3 He was born in (Baghdad/Khawarizm).
- 4 He was an (author/artist).

1 When were you born?

- 5 He was best known for (stamp collecting/algebra).
- 6 He was very interested in (geography/history).
- 7 He made the first map of (Baghdad/the world).



### 2 Answer these questions about you.

- 2 Where were you born?

  3 Where is your home now?

  4 Where was your grandpa's home when he was a child?

  5 What are you interested in?
- 3 Now ask and answer the questions from Exercise 2 with a friend.

4. Change books with a friend. Use question tags to make sure the information from Exercise 2 is correct.

You were born in Kuwait City, weren't you?

5. Listen to the past tense of these verbs. Write them in the correct place.

ask	want	play	like	climb	open
look	arrive	point	brush	land	need

/d/	/t/	/ id /
played	asked	wanted

6. Write questions and answers with the words.







- 1. go to Failaka Island last weekend Didyou go to Failaka Island last weekend
- 2. eat eggs for breakfast this morning No,I did't I played tennis
- 3. do Maths homework yesterday
- 4. read a book about Al-Khawarizmi last week

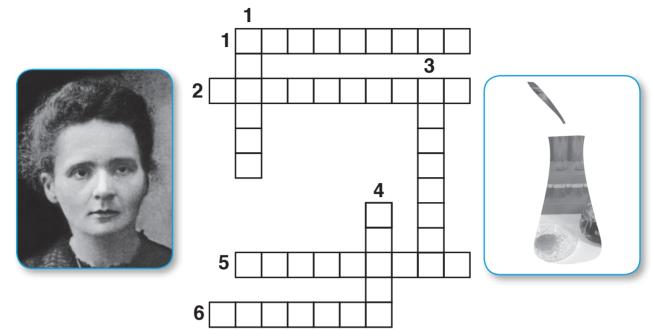
### Remember

Question tags are short questions at the end of statements.

- A **positive statement** is followed by a **negative question tag.**Jack is from Spain, isn't he?
- A **negative statement** is followed by a **positive question tag.** They aren't funny, are they?

Don't forget to use the proper pronoun instead of the noun

### 7. Write the words.



### Across →

- Marie Curie won her second important prize in \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. You go here to study when you have left school.
- 5. Marie Curie was this.
- Marie and Pierre Curie won an important prize for this in 1903.

### **Down** ↓

- The Curies worked to find a cure for this.
- 3 Marie Curie's parents were both
- 4 You study algebra in \_\_\_\_\_.

### 8. Choose the correct answers. Write the letters in the boxes.

When you write the letters, you will find the name of Marie Curie's child. She also won an important prize.

- 1 Marie Curie (is born [S]/was born [I]) in 1867.
- 2 Her parents (were [R]/was [U]) both teachers.
- 3 Marie (works [S]/worked [E]) hard at school.
- 4 Marie (studied [N]/studies [A]) Physics and Maths.
- 5 She (meets [N]/met [E]) Pierre Curie in 1894.

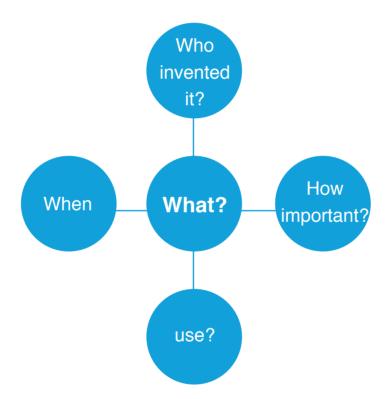


### Write about an invention

11. Think of inventions that start with the following letters:

C:			
P:			
R:			
T:			

10. Which invention is according to you the most important? Surf the net to find out information to complete the following spider-gram:



11. Develop your notes into a well-structured paragraph.

### Remember

- the topic sentences.
- the supporting details.
- punctuation marks.

Write the topic in your note book.

2. Choose a person to write about.	
The person can be famous, or someone you know.	
3. Write questions about the person.	
Use the question words and add two more questions.	
2222222222222	5
Who?	-
What?	_
Where?	-
When?	-
How many?	
Why?	_
4. Write about the person. Answer all the questions you have writte	en.
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_
	_

15. Read to your friend. Can he/she guess who you wrote about?

### **Progress Check**

### Read the following text to answer the question below:

Pure water is a clear, colourless, odourless and tasteless liquid. All living creatures need water in order to <u>survive</u>. Forty to ninety percent of the weight of all living organisms is water. The human body needs water to get rid of wastes and to transport nutrients throughout the body.

Ancient Scientists thought of water as a basic part by which all other liquids are measured. At the end of the eighteenth century, a British chemist made water by using a mixture of hydrogen and oxygen. We now know that water consists of two parts hydrogen, the most <u>abundant</u> elemnet in our world, and one part oxygen, the element that we breathe in order to survive.

### Choose the right answer:

1-	The main idea of the text is the	e importance of
	a) the human body	c) oxygen
	b) hydrogen	d) water
2-	The word <u>"abundant"</u> in line 8	means:
	a) present in small areas	c) present in great quantity
	b) present in different shapes	d) present in small amount.
3-	The opposite of the word "surv	vive" in line 2 means
	a) use	c) die
	b) measure	d) breathe

4. Which of the	fol	lowing	is '	true?
-----------------	-----	--------	------	-------

- a) Water smells like apples.
- b) Water smells like orange juice.
- c) All living things need water in order to survive.
- d) None of these

	<b>5</b> .	What	percentage	of '	vour	body	weight	is	water <sup>4</sup>
--	------------	------	------------	------	------	------	--------	----	--------------------

a) 30%

c) 70%

b) 10%

d) 95%

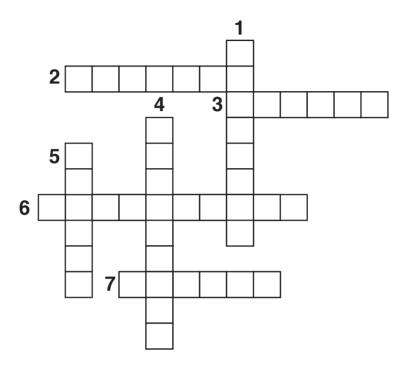
### II. Language.

answer)

### A/ Do as shown between brackets:

we send the e-mails in the morning. (Make passive)
 I drink one bottle of water daily.
 Adel is from Kuwait, ......? (Complete with a tag question)
 He isn't from Britain, .....? (Complete with a tag question)
 Tomorrow is Friday. we (will-won't) go to school. (Choose the correct

### **B.** Crossword



### Across -->

- 2. maths which uses letters and signs.
- 3. not dirty
- 6. a place where students can go to study after leaving school
- 7. a thing in which you can see yourself

### Down↓

- 1. very small living things which can make people ill
- 4. when one person asks another person questions
- 5. a very bad illness

## Unit Communicating with the World Module Four

### 1. Tick the things you need for each sport.

	ball	bat	racket	net	goggles	football boot
1. football	<b>√</b>					✓
2. table tennis						
3. tennis						
4. swimming						

١.	rou neca a	ball alla loot	ball boots for t	ootbaii.	

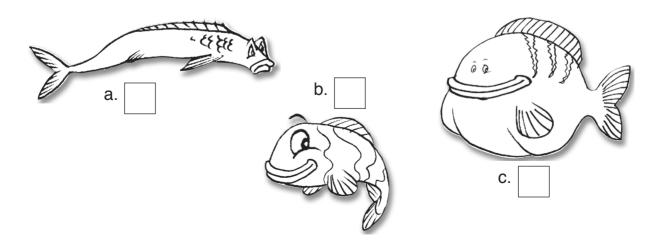
2.	

### 2. Read the letter and number the fish.

1 Vou need a hall and football hoots for football

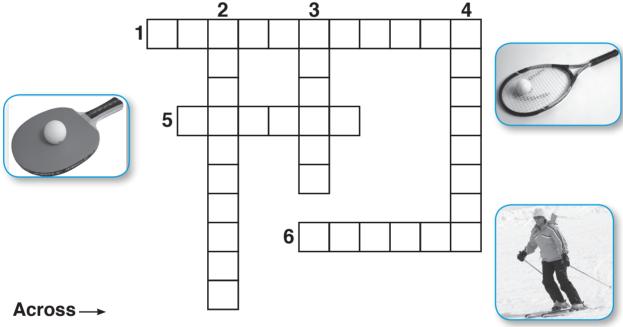
Hi Mona,

I love scuba diving. Last week we saw three fish. Here is a picture of them. The first one had very big eyes but it wasn't very big. It looked beautiful. The second one was very fat with small eyes. It looked funny. The third one was long like a snake. It looked sad.



### 3. Finish the sentences with the correct form of the verbs.

### 4 Write the sports words.



- 1. You need a bat, a ball, a table and a net for this sport.
- 5. You need snow for this sport.
- 6. You go under the water in this sport. **Down**
- 2. Tall people can play this sport.
- 3. You need a racket, a ball and a net for this sport.
- 4. You get wet when you do this sport.

### Remember

We use to be + going to + verb (inf.) when:

1. We want to talk about a planned action for the future.

I am going to visit you on Wednesday.

2. We are making a prediction.

It is really cold. I am sure it is going to snow tomorrow.

	5.			Listen	and	say.
--	----	--	--	--------	-----	------

swimming playing writing going

### 6. Listen and tick (✓) the correct sentences.

- 1. a I swim in the sea.
- 2. a I write stories in my book.
- 3. a We play in a team.
- 4. a We're going to have a picnic.
- 7. Finish the sentences with a sport.
  - 1. I like \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. I don't like .
  - 3. My friend's good at \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 4. I'm not good at \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

- b I'm swimming in the sea.
- **b** I'm writing stories in my book.
- b We're playing in a team.
- b We go and have a picnic.

### Remember

(like / good at) are followed by verb + ing

It's quiz time!

8. List	ten and guess the	sport.	
2			
3			
4		Section of the sectio	

### Writing an E-mail

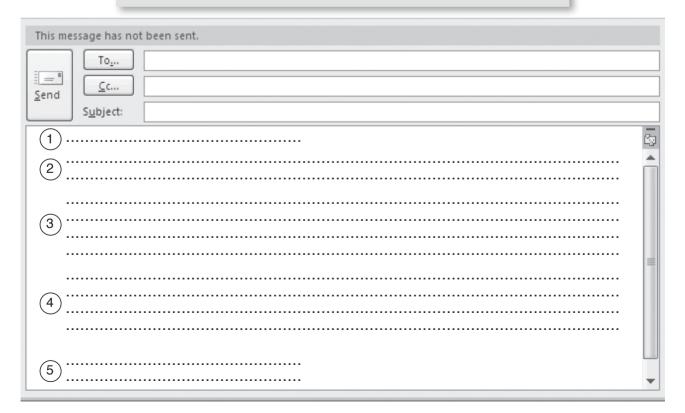
### 9. Finish the table about your upcoming visit to a country.

The country I'm going to visit	Who I'm going to go with and how long I'm going to stay	What I'm going to do and see there

### 10. Use the information in the table to write to a friend.

### Remember

- 1. Use the correct beginning.
- 2. Think about your first sentence; the reason for writing.
- 3/4. Organize your ideas; one paragraph for each main idea.
- 5. End the e-mail.



### Writing an E-mail

11. Write notes about yourself.
Name:
How old you are:
Number of brothers:
Number of sisters:
Father's job:
Mother's job:
Pet:
Pet's name:
School big or small:
Number of pupils:
Favourite school lesson:
Sports you play:
12. Write to your new friend.
Use the notes you have written. Write a first e-mail to your new friend.

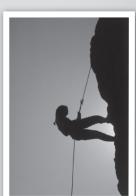
13. Type the e-mail using your smart device and send it to your friend.

# Unit A Beautiful Country

1. Work in pairs. Match the pictures and the sentences.

### Come to New Zealand – an exciting country

1. There are lots of sea animals and birds. You can go out in a boat and watch the animals swimming in the sea.!





2. Mount Cook is a very high mountain. Some people like to climb it but it is very difficult. Walk around the National Park instead - it's easier! It's very beautiful.

3. Do you want to see what is in the sea around New Zealand? Try scuba diving off the east of North Island. You can see some beautiful fish.



d



4. Finally, from June to October there is a lot of snow, so you can go skiing. Some of the best skiing is on the mountains on South Island.

### 2. Make sentences.

### **Example:**

Oman is bigger than UAE.

UAE is bigger than Kuwait.

Oman is the biggest.

	1.	The	rabbit	is	faster	than	the	cat
--	----	-----	--------	----	--------	------	-----	-----

The cat is	
The rabbit	

_				
$\boldsymbol{\gamma}$				
<b>८</b> .	 	 	 	


J
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### big → bigger → biggest



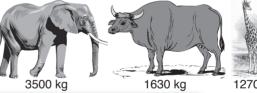
fast → faster → fastest

Animal	Speed (mph)
rabbit	35
cat	30
mouse	8

old → older → oldest

Name	Age
Nasser	12
Nora	10
Khaled	8

heavy → heavier → heaviest



### Remember

Short adjectives ending in vowel + consonant, remember to double the final consonant before -er/ -est. big → bigger → biggest

If the adjectives ends in -e, just add -r or -st. wise  $\rightarrow$  wiser  $\rightarrow$  wisest

With adjectives ending in y, you change the y to i and add er/ est.

happy → happier → happiest

### 3. Complete the table

Short adjectives	-er	-est
hot		
lucky		
large		

### **Giving Directions**

4. Listen and write the number of syllables in each word.

Hospital has	three	syllables:
hos	– pit –	al

- 1. airport
- 3. city 5. population
- 7. beautiful
- 2. beach
  - 4. volcano
  - 6. island
  - 8. interesting
- 5. Match the signs and the directions.



b.



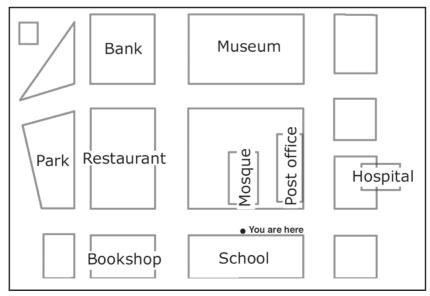


d.



1. turn right

- 2. turn left
- 3. go past the hospital
- 4. go straight on
- 6. Start at the school. Read and then draw Ahmed's house on the map.



Go out of the school and turn left. Walk straight on. Go past the bookshop on your left and the restaurant on your right. Take the next right. Go past the park and turn left. Ahmed's house is on the right.

### Writing a Description of a Place

#### 7. Use the words in the box to name the places in the picture.

mountain lake river sea island forest beach house 1. ..... 2. ..... 4. .... 5. .... 6. ..... 7. ..... 8. .... 8. Write the words. Find the name of a country near New Zealand. 1 Kuwait hasn't got any mountains – it is \_\_\_\_\_ 2 Go scuba diving and you can see \_\_\_\_\_ fish. 3 The Sahara is the biggest \_\_\_\_\_ in the world. 4 Mount Cook is the \_\_\_\_\_ peak in New Zealand. 5 Hospitals in Kuwait are not old – they are new and \_\_\_\_\_ 6 People grow things on a \_\_\_\_\_ 7 Not flat = \_\_\_\_\_ 8 Kuwait is not \_\_\_\_\_\_ – it is very modern.

9 Do you live \_\_\_\_\_ the school or far away?

# Writing a Description of a Place

9. Work in paris. Look at the picture. Tick the words you can use to describe the picture.

	>
The state of the s	
The same of the sa	جملا
Enter making making the making th	My Maria
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-0[[(]-
	-
beautiful beach shells island mountain rainy	
snow river lake sea fishing walking	
	ng
snow river lake sea fishing walking	g
snow river lake sea fishing walking swimming running forest large building small house	ng
snow river lake sea fishing walking swimming running forest large building small house	g
snow river lake sea fishing walking swimming running forest large building small house	g
snow river lake sea fishing walking swimming running forest large building small house	g

# Unit 12 On Holiday

1. The date today is Wednesday 16th June. Write the dates.

J	NU	E				01	SAT
S	UN N	NON	TUE V	NED .	<b>2</b>	3	4
22	5	6		8	9	10	
23	42	13	14	15	16	17	18
24	12	20	21	22	23	24	25

1. What date is it the day after tomorrow?	
2. What date is it tomorrow?	
3. What date was it the day before yesterday?	
4. What date will it be in a fortnight?	
5. What date was it yesterday?	

#### 2. Think of the words. Do not use the same word twice.

Name two water sports.	
2. Name two sports you play with a ball.	
3. Name a sport you play with a racket.	
4. Name two sports you do outside.	

## 3. Saif is on holiday. What is he going to do? Listen and tick $(\checkmark)$ .

	golf	scuba diving	tennis	volleyball
Sunday				
Monday				
Tuesday				
Wednesday				
Thursday				

#### 4. Look at the picture and tick ( $\checkmark$ ).



Bader is going on holiday tomorrow. His mother wrote down the things he must do. Has he done them?

#### Remember

Yet / already are used with the present perfect tense. <u>Yet</u> is used to talk about something that did not happen till this moment. <u>Already</u> is used to indicate that something has happened earlier.

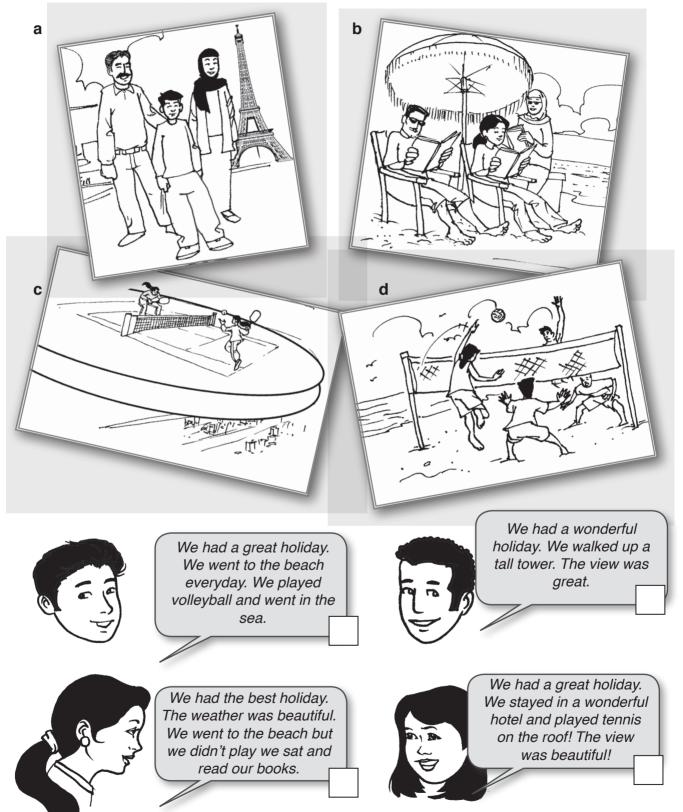
	not yet	already
clean your shoes	✓	
put your clothes in your bag		
put your books on the shelf		
write to Grandma and Grandpa		
give food to your fish		
turn your computer off		

#### 5. Now write sentences.

Bader	hasn't	cleaned	his	shoes	yet.

1			
5.			

#### 6. Match the holiday photos and the people.



7. Tell the members of your group what you did on your last holiday.

# Writing an E-Card

8. Jo	oin	the beginnings a	nd the end	ings. Make correct sentences.	
1.		we arrived	a) by plane		
2.		We came	b) some wo	nderful museums	
3.		We're staying	c) in some in	nteresting restaurants	
4.		l've visited	d) on Saturo	day	
5.		I've eaten	e) at a very	old-fashioned hotel.	
9. C	om	plete the checkli	st below. S	hare your choices with your group.	
T	hin	gs I want to do on	holiday		
	Ta	ake photgraphs		play tennis	
	S	cuba diving		read stories	
	] Ea	at ice-cream		Do yoga	
	G	o fishing		Ride a horse	
	Vi	isit interesting place	s	Go camping	
	Go shopping Visit museums				
10. <b>\</b>	You	ı are on holiday.	Write an	e-card to your best friend. Use these	
(	que	estions as a guide	<b>e</b> :		
		e are you?			
		is the weather like? is the food like?	,		
		e are you staying?			
W	hat	interesting places a	are there to v	isit?	

11. Design and type the e-card using your smart devices and send it to your friend.

# Writing an E-Card

### 12. Think of a place for a holiday. Find information about it. Write it here.

Where do you want to go?	
What's the weather like?	
How can you get there?	
What can you see there?	
What can you do there?	

### 13. You are on holiday. Finish this e-card.

Dear,	1
I am having a wonderful holiday here in	
The weather is	
Yesterday we went	
It was	
Tomorrow we are	
See you soon.	

# **Progress Check**

#### Reading

Canada is the second largest country in the world. It is in the northern part of North America. It is near the USA and Greenland. It is also next to the Pacific, Arctic, and Atlantic Ocean. It has the longest coastline in the world. Torronto is the biggest city but Ottawa is the capital.

A large number of people from almost every part of the world come to live in Canada. Around 35 million people now live in it. English and French are widely spoken in Canada. The Canadian people are friendly, polite and helpful. They are also famous for respecting laws and rules.

Canada welcomes millions of tourists every year. There are <u>plenty of</u> attractions to see like the Niagara Waterfalls, Lake Louise, and the CN Tower. Tourists can do a lot of activities, too. In the summer, <u>they</u> can go swimming, camping and cycling. During the winter, they can enjoy skiing, skating and playing hockey.

1. Complete the following graphic organizer with information from the text.

Location	People
Attraction to see	Activities to do

- 2. Answer the following questions.
  - 1. What does the underlined word "plenty of" in the 3rd paragraph mean?
  - 2. What does the underlined pronoun "they" in the 3rd paragraph refer to?
  - 3. Would you advise your friends to visit Canada? Why? Why not?

### 3. Complete the e-mail below with words from the box.

lake / family / tennis / math / mountains / scuba diving / swimming / forest

ı	Dear Ahmed,					
ı	How are you? I'm fine. My all say "Hi"					
ı	Last weekend we visited my aunt and uncle. They live near some					
There is also a in front of their house. My cousins and I						
in it. It was great fun. Behind their house is a						
I don't think any dangerous animals live there!						
Tomorrow I'm going to play after school and at the						
weekend I'm going to go This evening I have to do						
homework.						
Write soon, Ahmed						
Best wishes,						
ı	Peter					
L						
	Grammar					
4. Complete these sentences with "yet" or already".						
	1. Have you visited a different country?					
	2. I have read an English book this month. Have you?					
	3. I haven't tried to play golf Have you?					
	4. I have stayed in three different hotels. Have you?					
5. Put the adjectives in the following sentences in the correct form						
	1. The Nile is the (long) river in the world.					
	2. Which is (big) Qatar or Saudi Arabia?					
	3. The blue whale is the (heavy) animal in the world.					

4. Eating fruit and vegetables is (healthy) ...... than eating

fast food.

